

## Missouri Environmental Public Health Tracking (EPHT) Network

Metadata Record

# Air Quality Data for Particulate Matter 2.5

# **Description**

Citation

Titles: PM25\_FRMandFRMlike and PM25\_FRMonly for years 2000 - 2010

**Originators:** Missouri EPHT Program

Publication date: 06/01/2011

**Description** 

**Abstract:** These datasets include air monitoring results for Particulate Matter (PM) 2.5 micrometers and smaller using both the federal reference method (FRM) and FRM-like measurements. More information regarding the creation of these data files is available from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) at <a href="http://www.epa.gov/mxplorer/index.htm">http://www.epa.gov/mxplorer/index.htm</a>.

**Purpose:** These datasets are provided as a reference for users of the Missouri EPHT Network.

**Supplemental information:** These datasets were extracted from the EPA's Air Quality System (AQS) Data Mart available on the internet at: <a href="http://www.epa.gov/ttn/airs/acsdatamart/access.htm">http://www.epa.gov/ttn/airs/acsdatamart/access.htm</a>.

#### **Point of Contact**

Person: Missouri EPHT Program Manager

Organization: Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services

Division of Community and Public Health Section for Environmental Public Health Bureau of Environmental Epidemiology

**Phone:** 573-751-6102 **Fax:** 573-751-6041

Telecommunications Device or Teletypewriter (TDD/TTY) phone: 800-669-8819

Email: EPHTN@health.mo.gov

Address type: Mailing

Address: PO Box 570
City: Jefferson City
State or Province: MO

Postal code: 65102-0570 County: Cole County

Address type: Physical

Address: 930 Wildwood Drive

City: Jefferson City State or Province: MO Postal code: 65109 County: Cole County

## Data Type

Native dataset environment: These files were created using Microsoft Excel.

#### Time Period of Data

**Beginning date:** 01/01/2000 **Ending date:** 12/31/2010

Currentness reference: Time Period End Date

Status

Data status: Complete

**Update frequency:** None

# **Key Words**

## Theme:

**Keywords:** air, air quality, NAAQS, Clean Air Act, national standard, respiratory, monitor, particulate matter, PM, PM2.5, speciation, ambient, concentration, seasonal, daily,

readings, 029, Missouri, MO **Keyword thesaurus:** None

Place: Location

Keywords: 029, Missouri, MO

**Keyword thesaurus:** FIPS 5-2 (State)

# **Data Access Constraints**

Access constraints: Public access

#### Use constraints:

How should this dataset be used?

Use of this data is restricted for statistical reporting and analysis only.

#### How should this dataset not be used?

Do not attempt to learn the identity of any person included in the data. Do not disclose or make use of the identity of any person or establishment discovered inadvertently and report the discovery to:

Missouri EPHT Program Manager

Bureau of Environmental Epidemiology

P.O. Box 570

Jefferson City, MO 65102-0570

Phone: 573-751-6102

Email: <u>EPHTN@health.mo.gov</u>

#### Can it be linked to other datasets?

Do not combine this data with other data for the purpose of matching records to identify individuals. Do not disclose or make use of the identity of any person or establishment discovered inadvertently and report the discovery to:

Missouri EPHT Program Manager

Bureau of Environmental Epidemiology

P.O. Box 570

Jefferson City, MO 65102-0570

Phone: 573-751-6102

Email: EPHTN@health.mo.gov

Can these data be used for commercial purposes?

No.

Can these data be used to form a basis for additional health studies or some remediation actions?

N/A

What are the constraints for data interpretation?

Do not imply or state, either in written or oral form, that interpretations based on the data are those of the original data sources, the Missouri State Government, the Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services, or the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention unless the data user and data sources are formally collaborating and have received written permission to do so. Acknowledge, in all reports or presentations based on these data, the original source of the data, the Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

# Data Security Information

Security classification system: Public

**Security classification:** Unrestricted

**Security handling:** No security measures have been specified for this dataset.

# **Spatial Reference Information**

**Spatial Domain** 

**Bounding Coordinates** 

In Unprojected coordinates (geographic)

Bounda	ry Coordinate
West	-95.77469999999996 (latitude)
East	-89.098842000000005 (latitude)
North	40.613639999999997 (longitude)
South	35.995479000000003 (longitude)

# **Data Structure and Attribute Information**

#### Overview

**Entity and attribute overview:** Under the Clean Air Act, EPA establishes primary air quality standards to protect public health, including the health of "sensitive" populations such as people with asthma, children, and older adults. EPA also sets secondary standards to protect public welfare. This includes protecting ecosystems, including plants and animals, from harm, as well as protecting against decreased visibility and damage to crops, vegetation, and buildings. To get more information regarding national air quality standards, visit http://www.epa.gov/air/criteria.html.

EPA has set national air quality standards for six common air pollutants (also called the criteria pollutants):

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- ozone (O<sub>3</sub>)
- lead (Pb)
- nitrogen dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>)
- particulate matter (PM)
- sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>)

"Particulate matter," also known as particle pollution or PM, is a complex mixture of extremely small particles and liquid droplets. Particle pollution is made up of a number of components, including acids (such as nitrates and sulfates), organic chemicals, metals, and soil or dust particles.

The size of particles is directly linked to their potential for causing health problems. EPA is concerned about particles that are 10 micrometers in diameter or smaller because those are the particles that generally pass through the throat and nose and enter the lungs. Once inhaled, these particles can affect the heart and lungs and cause serious health effects. EPA groups particle pollution into two categories:

"Inhalable coarse particles," such as those found near roadways and dusty industries, are larger than 2.5 micrometers and smaller than 10 micrometers in diameter.

"Fine particles," such as those found in smoke and haze, are 2.5 micrometers in diameter and smaller. These particles can be directly emitted from sources such as forest fires, or they can form when gases emitted from power plants, industries and automobiles react in the air.

More information regarding particulate matter is available from EPA on the Internet at <a href="http://www.epa.gov/air/particlepollution/">http://www.epa.gov/air/particlepollution/</a>.

**Entity and attribute detailed citation:** Specific citation information is available from the U.S. EPA on the Internet at <a href="http://www.epa.gov/air/index.html">http://www.epa.gov/air/index.html</a>. Suggested citation for published findings based on this data, (with the date changed to reflect the save date on the data file):

US Environmental Protection Agency. Air Quality System Data Mart [internet database] available at http://www.epa.gov/ttn/airs/aqsdatamart. Accessed Month DD, YYYY.

# **Data Quality and Accuracy Information**

#### General

**Logical consistency report:** The Clean Air Act, which was last amended in 1990, requires EPA to set National Ambient Air Quality Standards (40 CFR part 50) for pollutants considered harmful to public health and the environment. The Clean Air Act established two types of national air quality standards. Primary standards set limits to protect public health, including the health of "sensitive" populations such as asthmatics, children, and the elderly. Secondary standards set limits to protect public welfare, including protection against decreased visibility, damage to animals, crops, vegetation, and buildings.

The EPA Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards (OAQPS) has set National Ambient Air Quality Standards for six principal pollutants, which are called "criteria" pollutants. They are listed below. Units of measure for the standards are parts per million (ppm) by volume, parts per billion (ppb - 1 part in 1,000,000,000) by volume, milligrams per cubic meter of air (mg/m³), and micrograms per cubic meter of air (µg/m³).

# **National Ambient Air Quality Standards**

	Prim	ary Standards	Secondary Standards	
Pollutant	Level	Averaging Time	Level	Averaging Time
Particulate Matter (PM <sub>2.5</sub> )	15.0 µg/m <sup>3</sup>	Annual 6 (Arithmetic Average)	Same o	as Primary
	35 µg/m³	24-hour (7)	Same of	as Primary

 $<sup>^{(6)}</sup>$  To attain this standard, the 3-year average of the weighted annual mean PM2.5 concentrations from single or multiple community-oriented monitors must not exceed 15.0  $\mu g/m^3$ .

NOTE: On 07/27/2010 the PM2.5 speciation data were updated to include data through 2009.

<sup>(7)</sup> To attain this standard, the 3-year average of the 98th percentile of 24-hour concentrations at each population-oriented monitor within an area must not exceed 35 µg/m³ (effective December 17, 2006).

Selection Methods: All data matching the parameter codes for the pollutant listed below are retrieved from AQS, regardless of monitoring method. In most cases the data are from Federal Reference (or equivalent) Methods.

Parameter	Code	Averaging Time	Measurement Units
PM2.5	88101, 88502	Daily average	micrograms per cubic meter (µg/m3)

AQI Calculations: In some displays, pollutant concentrations are shown as AQI (Air Quality Index) values to provide a relevant indicator of air quality (e.g. Good, Moderate, Unhealthy). The AQI calculations follow the Technical Assistance Document for the Reporting of Daily Air Quality.

Design Values: A design value is a statistic that describes the air quality status of a given area relative to the level of the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). Design values are especially helpful when the standard is exceedance-based (e.g. 1-hour ozone, 24-hour PM10, etc.) because they are expressed as a concentration instead of an exceedance count, thereby allowing a direct comparison to the level of the standard.

Design values are defined in the guidance hyperlinked below and are consistent with the NAAQS in CFR Part 50. As such, they are often based on multiple years of data, ensuring a stable indicator. Design values are typically used to classify nonattainment areas, assess progress towards meeting the NAAQS, and develop control strategies. Design values are computed and published annually by EPA's Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards and reviewed in conjunction with the EPA Regional Offices. More information on design values can is available on the Internet at <a href="http://www.epa.gov/airtrends/values.html">http://www.epa.gov/airtrends/values.html</a>.

**Completeness report:** Data completeness for each air monitor was based on the availability of samples for a certain number of days during each calendar quarter. Data are only provided for counties with monitors that pass the completeness criterion.

For additional information concerning the technical documentation, contact the Office of Air and Radiation Communications Office within the U.S. EPA at 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20760 or by telephone at 866-411-4EPA (toll-free from anywhere in the United States).

# **Data Source and Process Information**

## **Process Steps**

# **Process step information**

## **Process Step 1**

**Process description:** Datasets extracted from the EPA's Air Quality System (AQS) Data Mart available on the internet at: <a href="http://www.epa.gov/ttn/airs/agsdatamart/access.htm">http://www.epa.gov/ttn/airs/agsdatamart/access.htm</a> and downloaded to local machine.

Process date: 06/01/2011

**Process Step 2** 

**Process description:** Microsoft Excel files created.

Process date: 06/01/2011

**Process Step 3** 

**Process description:** Microsoft Excel files converted to Comma Separated Values

(.csv) format by year. **Process date:** 06/01/2011

**Process Step 4** 

**Process description:** Missouri Metadata record created for the datasets using the Missouri EPHT Metadata Record format then converted to .pdf. The creation of a Missouri Metadata record is completed to assist users by offering the record in a format compatible with electronic reading devices and smart phones.

Process date: 06/01/2011

## **Data Distribution Information**

#### General

Resource description: CSV file

**Distribution liability:** These data were provided by the Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services; the findings and conclusions based on these data are the sole responsibility of the author(s) of the study.

Although every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the material contained in this dataset and the Missouri EPHT Network Portal, complete accuracy cannot be guaranteed. The Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services is not responsible for any errors or misprints contained herein and cannot accept any responsibility whatsoever for loss or damage occasioned or claimed to have been occasioned, in part or in full, as a consequence of any person acting, or refraining from acting, as a result of a matter contained within the Missouri EPHT Network Portal.

## **Distribution Point of Contact**

Person: Missouri EPHT Program Manager

**Organization:** Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services

Division of Community and Public Health Section for Environmental Public Health Bureau of Environmental Epidemiology

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Address type: Physical

Address: 930 Wildwood Drive

City: Jefferson City State or Province: MO Postal code: 65109 County: Cole County

## **Custom Order Process**

**Custom order process:** Custom selected data from this data source/set is available from the United States EPA at:

• Office of Air and Radiation Communications Office

US EPA

1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW

Washington, DC 20760

- 866-411-4EPA (toll-free from anywhere in the United States)
   This is the EPA Technical Support Center, a general computer system telephone help line, staffed by an EPA contractor. Please state that you are calling about the OAR Web site.
- OAR\_Comments@epa.gov

More information on obtaining a custom created Missouri specific health record dataset is available at http://www.health.mo.gov/data/policies.php

## Metadata Reference

Metadata Date

Last updated: 06/01/2011

Metadata Point of Contact

Person: Missouri EPHT Program Manager

Organization: Missouri Department of Health and Senior Services

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# **Metadata Access Constraints**

Access constraints: None Use constraints: None

**Metadata Standards** 

Standard name: FGDC Content Standard for Geospatial Metadata